



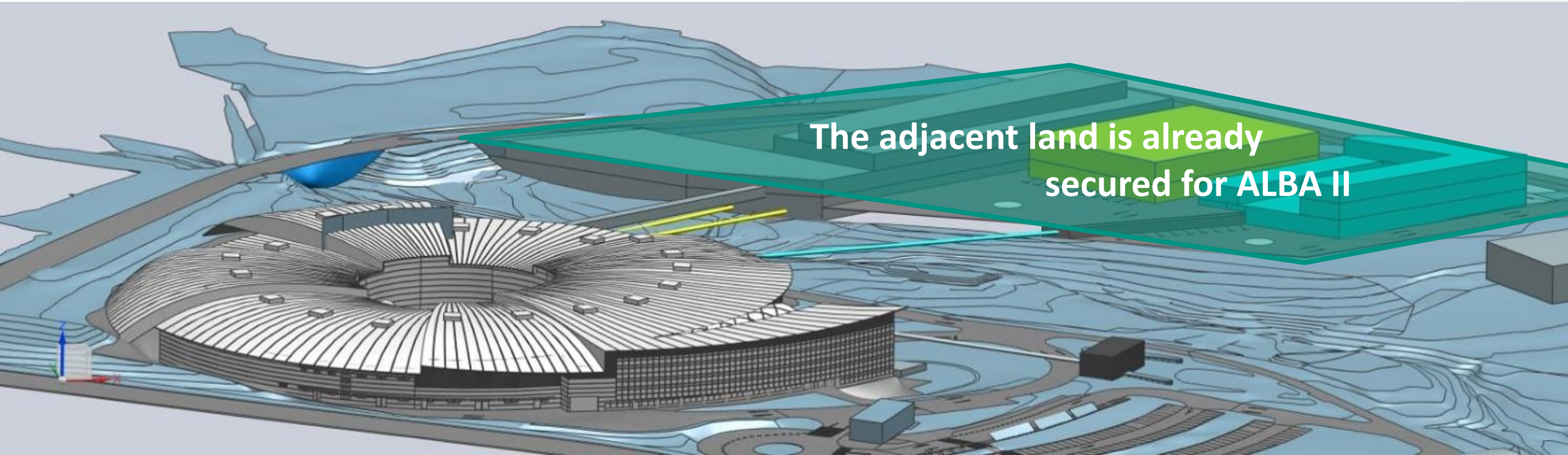
# ALBA II, new technologies and new beamlines

Francis Perez / Josep Nicolas

Dec 1st, 2023

Industry opportunities in light source infrastructures

# ALBA II upgrade Project



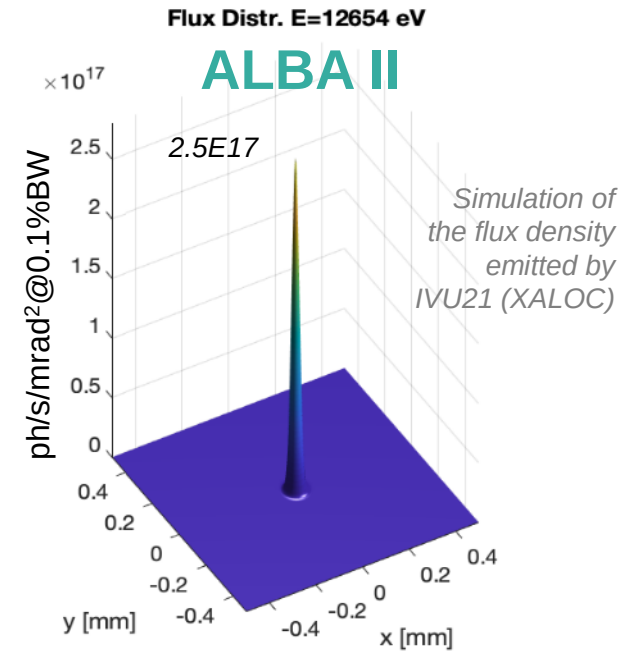
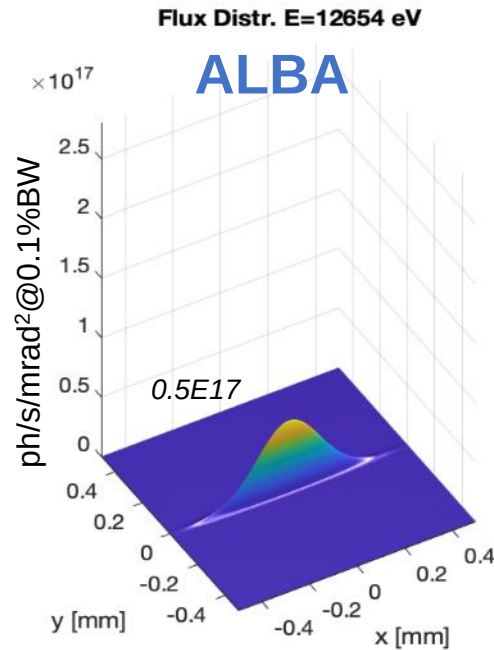
## The upgrade ALBA II includes:

- **renovation** of the storage ring
- **renovation** of the existing beamlines.
- **expansion** of the infrastructure.
- **construction** of up to three new long beamlines.
- **synergy** to create a scientific and technological pole in the area.



# ALBA II Accelerator Upgrade

Upgrade the 3rd Generation ALBA Storage Ring to a 4th Generation Ultra Low Emittance Ring: **ALBA II**



with the aim of doing it as efficiently as possible,  
in terms of cost and time.



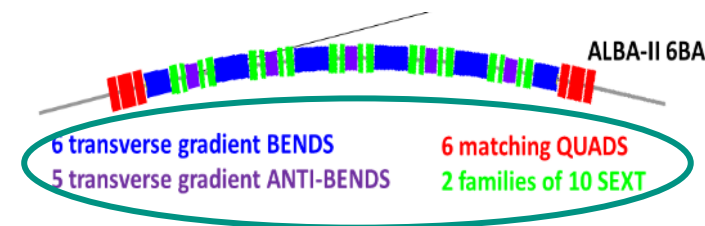
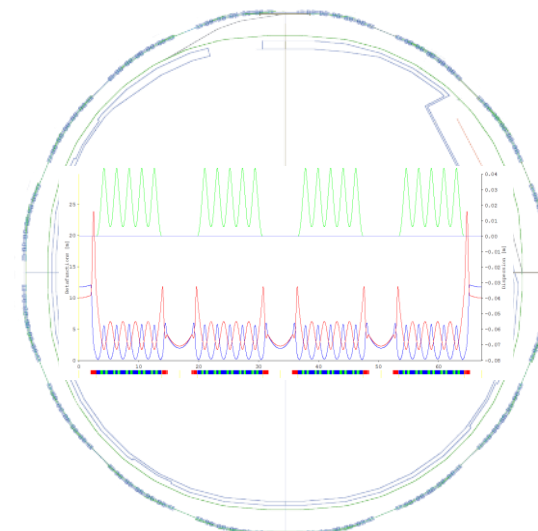
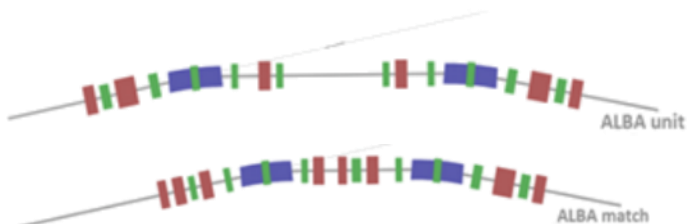
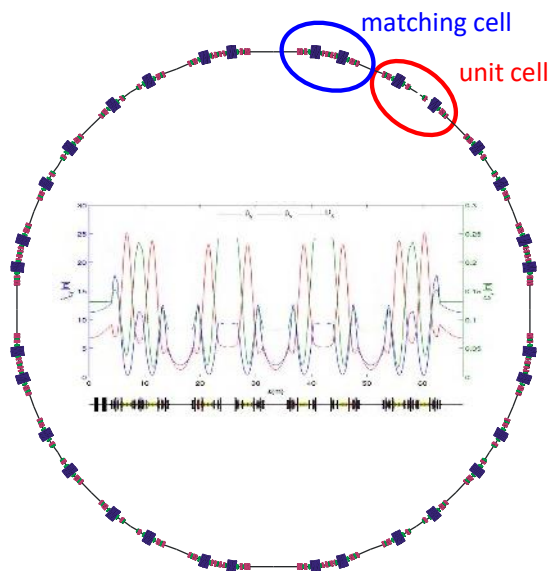
# Optimization parameters

- **Keep beam energy 3 GeV.**
- **Keep the tunnel** → SR with similar compact circumference.
- **Keep existing ID beamlines** → preserve 16 cells and source points.
- Bending beamlines can be relocated.
- **Keep injector** (present  $\varepsilon_x^{\text{booster}} = 10 \text{ nm}\cdot\text{rad}$ ).
- **Keep infrastructures**, as much as possible.
- **Straight sections** ~4 m, with  $\beta_x \sim \beta_y \sim 2 \text{ m}$ .
- Reduce **emittance** by more than a factor 10 (<400pmrad).
- **Full coupling** operation option.

# The upgrade

|                 | ALBA             |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Energy          | 3 GeV            |
| Circumference   | 268.8 m          |
| Symmetry        | 4-fold           |
| Lattice         | 8×2 DBA cells    |
| Emittance       | 4.5 nm·rad       |
| Nº of cells     | 8+8              |
| # of straights  | 4 / 12 / 8       |
| Straight length | 7.8 / 4.0 / 2.3m |

|                 | ALBA II      |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Energy          | 3 GeV        |
| Circumference   | 268.8 m      |
| Symmetry        | 4-fold       |
| Lattice         | 16×MBA cells |
| Emittance       | ~200 pm·rad  |
| Nº of cells     | 16           |
| # of straights  | 16           |
| Straight length | 4.0 m        |



## ALBA II Enabling Technologies Project **ALBA 01 (2022 - 2025)**

**ALBA 01 - 7,5 M€**

Ayuda ICTS-MRR-2021-02-CELLS financiada por:



Plan de Recuperación,  
Transformación  
y Resiliencia



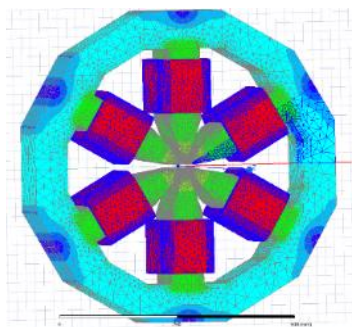
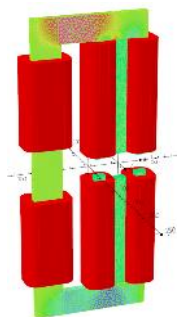
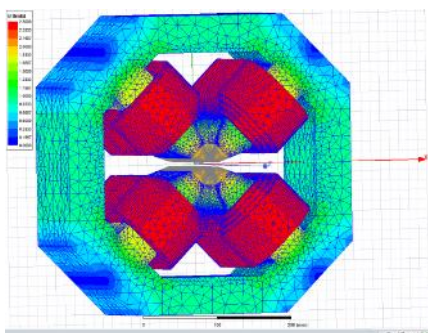
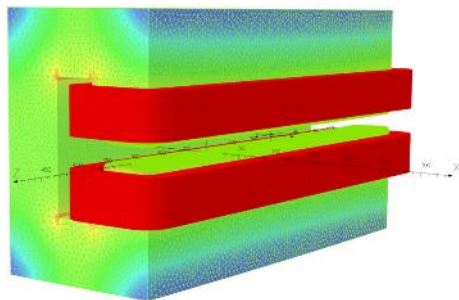
Financiado por  
la Unión Europea  
NextGenerationEU

### Design, and prototype construction of:

- |     |                               |
|-----|-------------------------------|
| WP1 | Magnets                       |
| WP2 | NEG Coated vacuum chambers    |
| WP3 | Pulsed magnets                |
| WP4 | Girder for arc assembly tests |
| WP6 | Superconducting Undulator     |



# WP1 Magnets

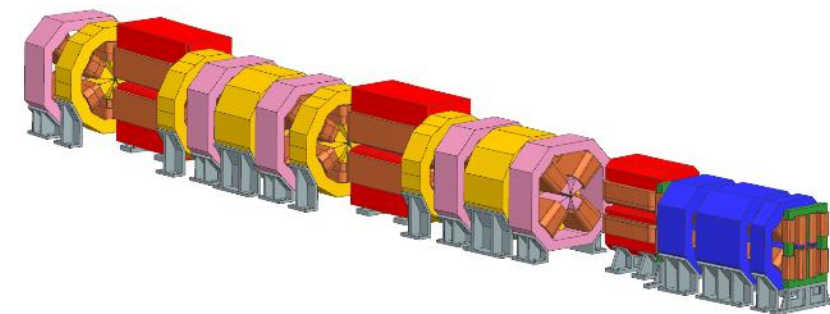


| Magnet type  | Prototype required? | Lots          |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------|
| QD           | YES (1)             | Lot 1         |
| QDS          | YES (2)             | Lot 1         |
| QF/QFS       | YES (1)             | Lot 2         |
| Q1           | NO (0)              |               |
| Q2           | NO (0)              |               |
| Q3           | YES (1)             | Lot 2         |
| SH           | YES (1)             | Lot 3         |
| SV           | YES (1)             | Lot 3         |
| CORR         | YES (1)             | Lot 4         |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>8 prototypes</b> | <b>4 lots</b> |

→ We order a conventional QDS (similar to QD), and a version with embedded coils.

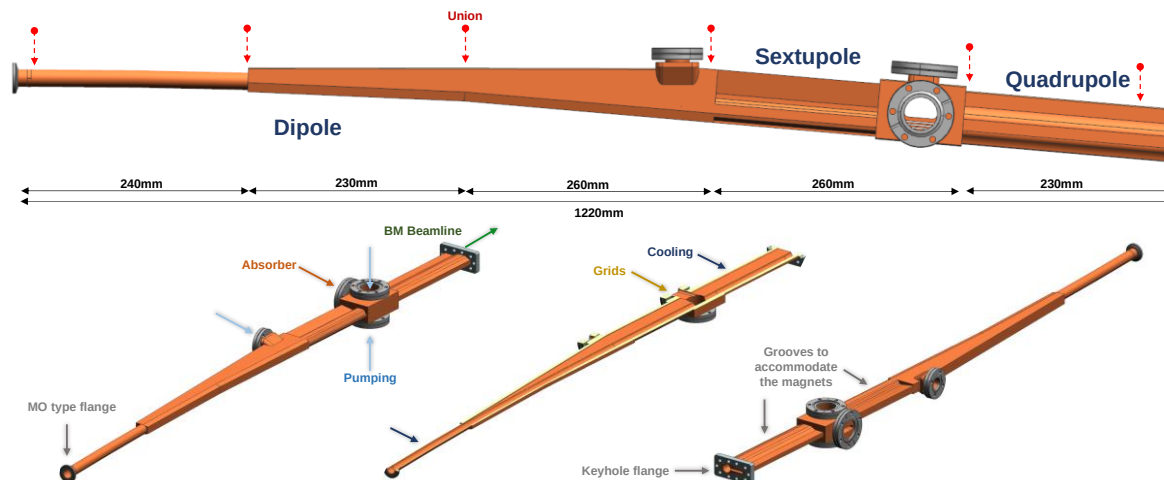
→ The 2 reverse bends share the same geometry, so we order 1 single prototype.

→ We only order the triplet magnet with the highest working point.



**Designs done, CfT ready.**

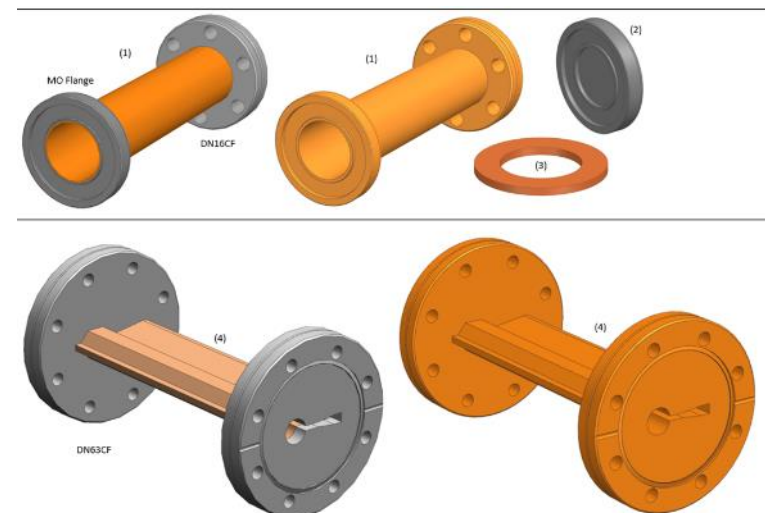
Designs on going:



Pre-prototypes being ordered:

| MO flange prototype      |                 |           |                    |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|
|                          | Bimetallic      | Bulk part | Drawing:           |
| Nipple: MO-CF16 (1)      | Chamber: Cu ETP | CuCrZr    | L0001 (bimetallic) |
| Length (between flanges) | Flanges: SS     |           | L0002 (CuCrZr)     |
| Blank MO flange (2)      | SS              | CuCrZr    | L0006              |
| Quantities:              | 2 sets each     |           |                    |
| Gaskets (3)              | Cu              |           | L0005              |
| Quantity:                | 20              |           |                    |

| SV chamber prototype        |                |           |                    |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------|
|                             | Vacuum brazing | Bulk part | Drawing:           |
| Nipple: both sides CF63 (4) | Cu chamber     | CuCrZr    | L0003 (bimetallic) |
| Length (between flanges)    | SS flanges     |           | L0004 (CuCrZr)     |
| NEG coating:                |                |           |                    |
| e-beam                      | 0.5 to 1.2 µm  |           |                    |
| ph-beam                     | 0.2 to 1.5 µm  |           |                    |
| Quantities:                 | 2 sets each    |           |                    |





# WP3 Pulsed Magnet

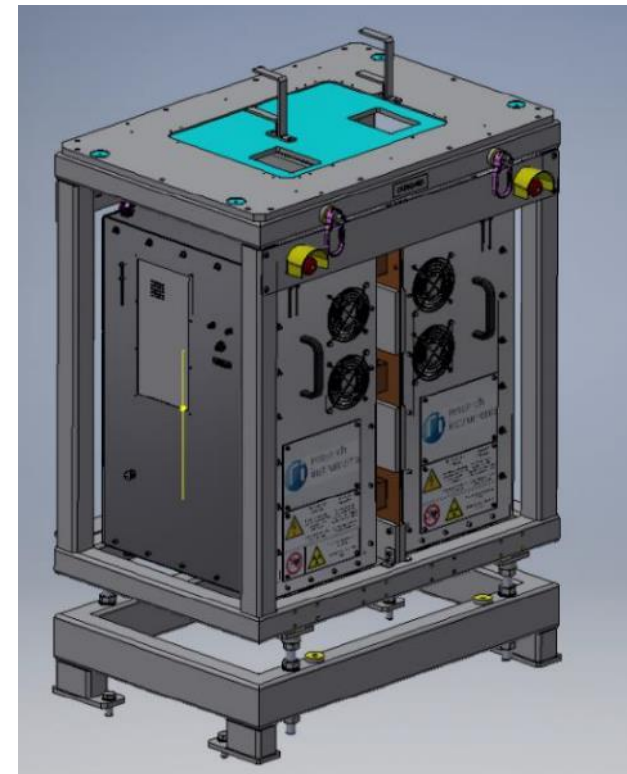
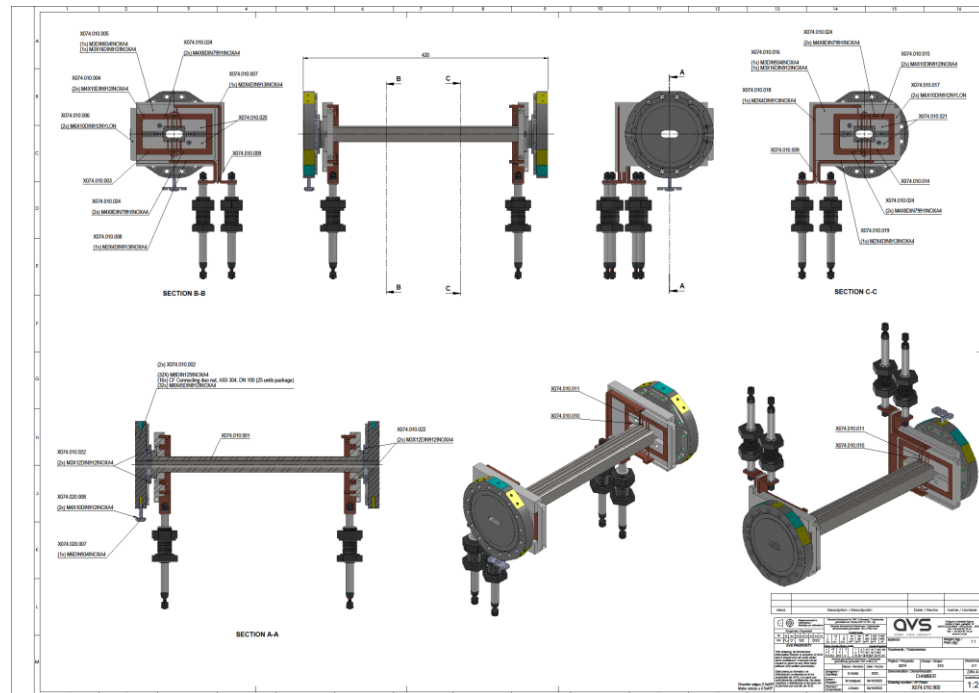
## Double Dipole Kicker

Design done, prototype under construction

Magnet

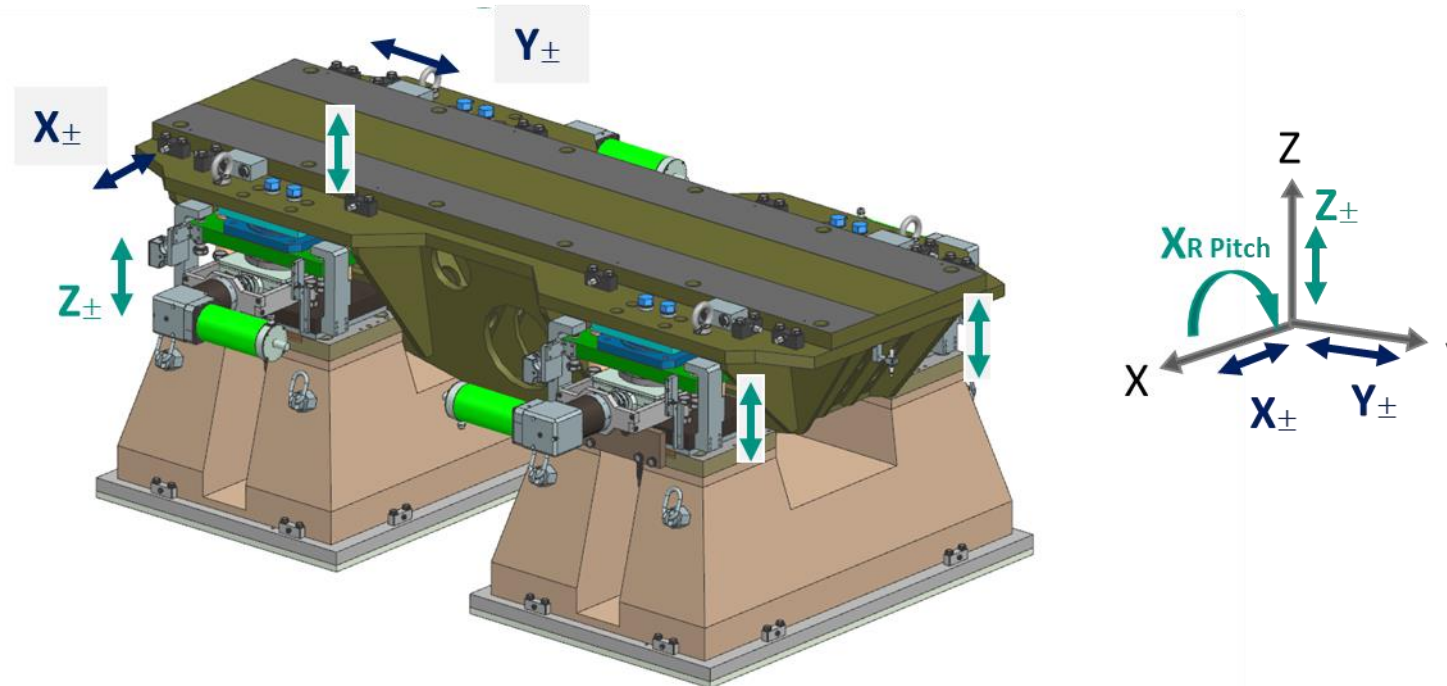
and

Pulsed Power Supply



**Design ready – PDR with external panel on Oct'23**

Working details on the movement system



*1<sup>st</sup> eigenfrequency 77Hz – Max. deformation 30um*

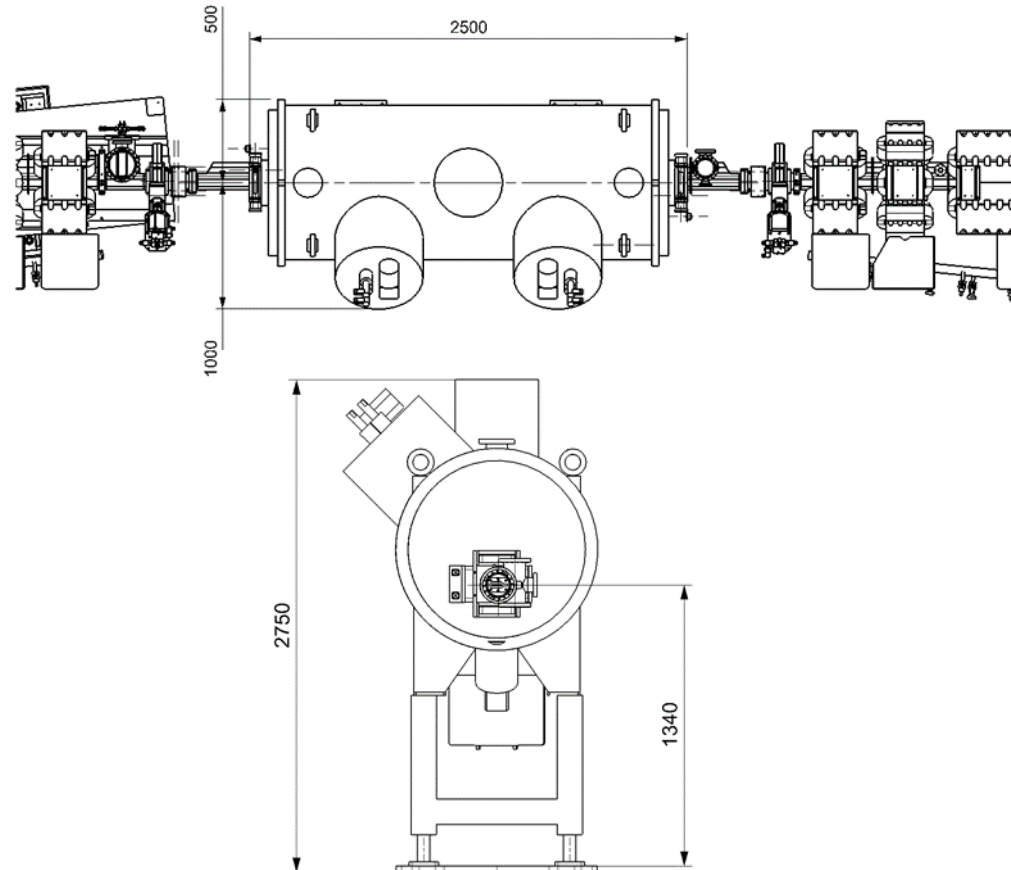
## Order on the basis of functional specifications

### Detailed design is required in the tender

Table 6.2 outlines the main magnetic parameters of the SCU as required by CELLS.

**Table 6.2:** Magnetic parameters of the SCU.

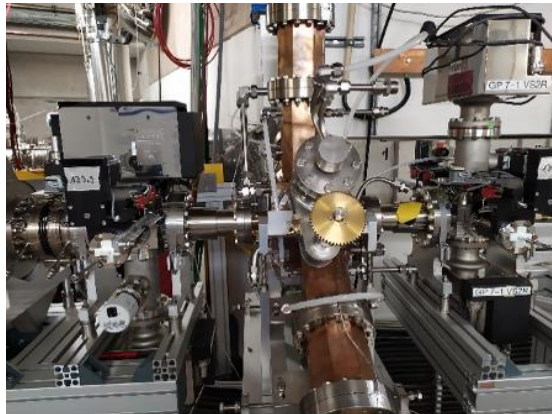
|                                                                  |                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Total SCU Length (flange to flange)                              | 2.5 m             |
| Expected Magnet Length                                           | $\approx 2.0$ m   |
| Target Period                                                    | $\approx 16.0$ mm |
| Maximum K                                                        | $\approx 1.7$ mm  |
| Minimum vertical vacuum <u>stay</u> clear gap                    | 5.5 mm            |
| Minimum horizontal vacuum <u>stay</u> clear gap                  | 60 mm             |
| General Energy Range                                             | 8 – 40 keV        |
| Transverse field roll-off at $\pm 10$ mm<br>@ <u>maximum</u> K   | $< 0.1$ %         |
| Field stability $\Delta B_y / B_y$ over 72 hours at<br>maximum K | $< 10^{-4}$       |
| The Hysteresis effects and repeatability<br>shall be:            |                   |
| within 58% to 100% of maximum K                                  | $< 0.1$ %         |
| within 20% to 58% of maximum K                                   | $< 1.0$ %         |
| Maximum phase angle error on $x=0, z=0$                          | $< 5$ degrees RMS |



# RF System

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic Active Cavity

*Cavity*

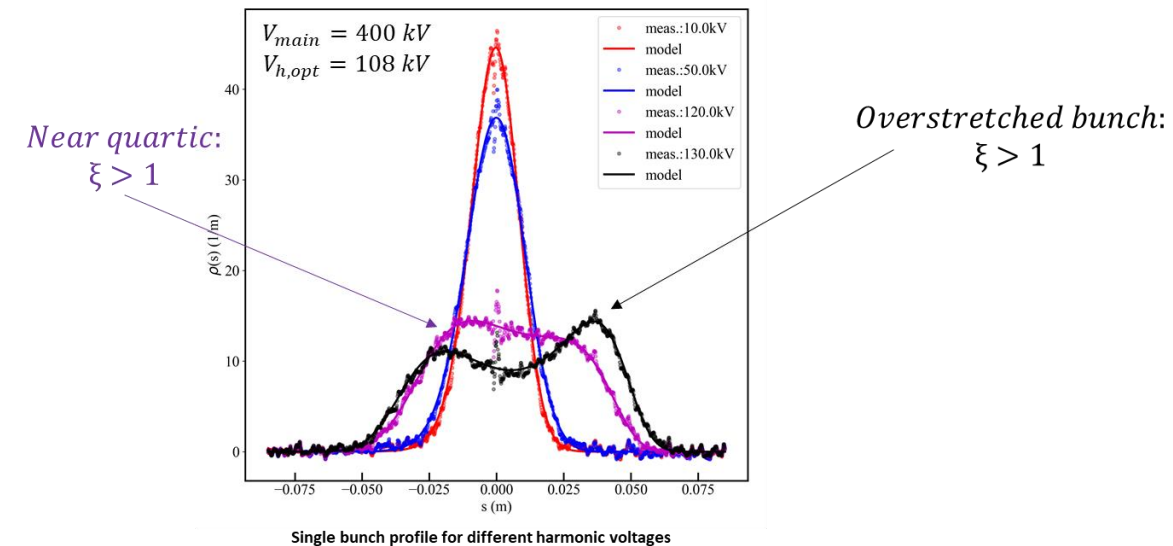


*SSPA*



*DLLRF*

### Bunch lengthening beam tests at BESSY II with the 3rd Harmonic EU Active Cavity Prototype



*Successfully tested with beam*

# Call for tenders

## Several CfT are under way:

- Digital LLRF upgrade
- Doble Dipole Kicker prototype
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic RF Cavity
- Super-Conductor Undulator (SCU)
- Electro-magnets prototypes

Production

Production

Tendering

Ready to tender

Ready to tender

## Foresee for 1<sup>st</sup> half 2024:

- 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic 1.5GHz SSPA
- Girders prototypes
- Vacuum chambers prototypes
- Permanent magnets prototypes  
(QDS & SB)

Technical specs under revision

Design ready, tech specs by Q1/24

Design ongoing, tech specs by Q2/24

Design started, tech specs by Q2/24



# Future needs

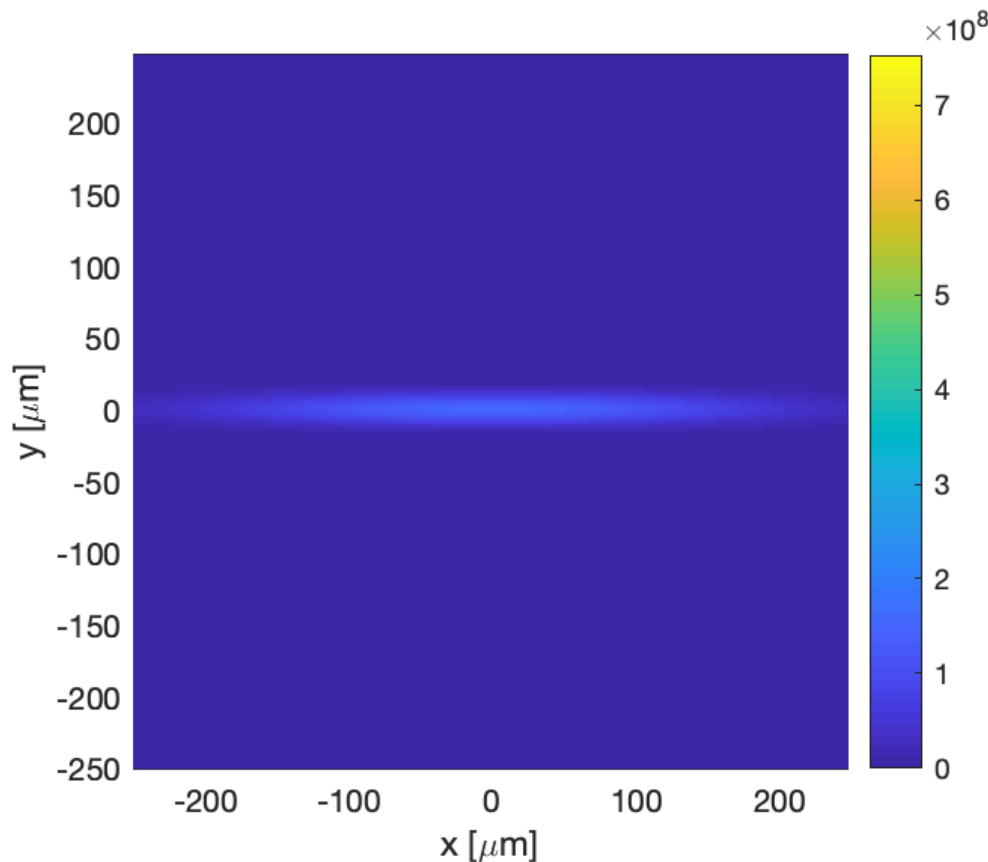
## Accelerator's components 2026-2029

- New magnets
  - ~ 600 magnets
  - ~ 1000 power supplies
  - Some, permanent magnets?
- New vacuum chambers
  - ~ 270 m vacuum chambers
  - SS, Cu, NEG coated
- New Girders
  - High vibration modes
  - High precision remote movement
- Many others:
  - Upgrade RF system with SSA and 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic Cavity
  - New Diagnostics equipment
  - New Insertion Devices
  - Upgrade electronics
  - ...

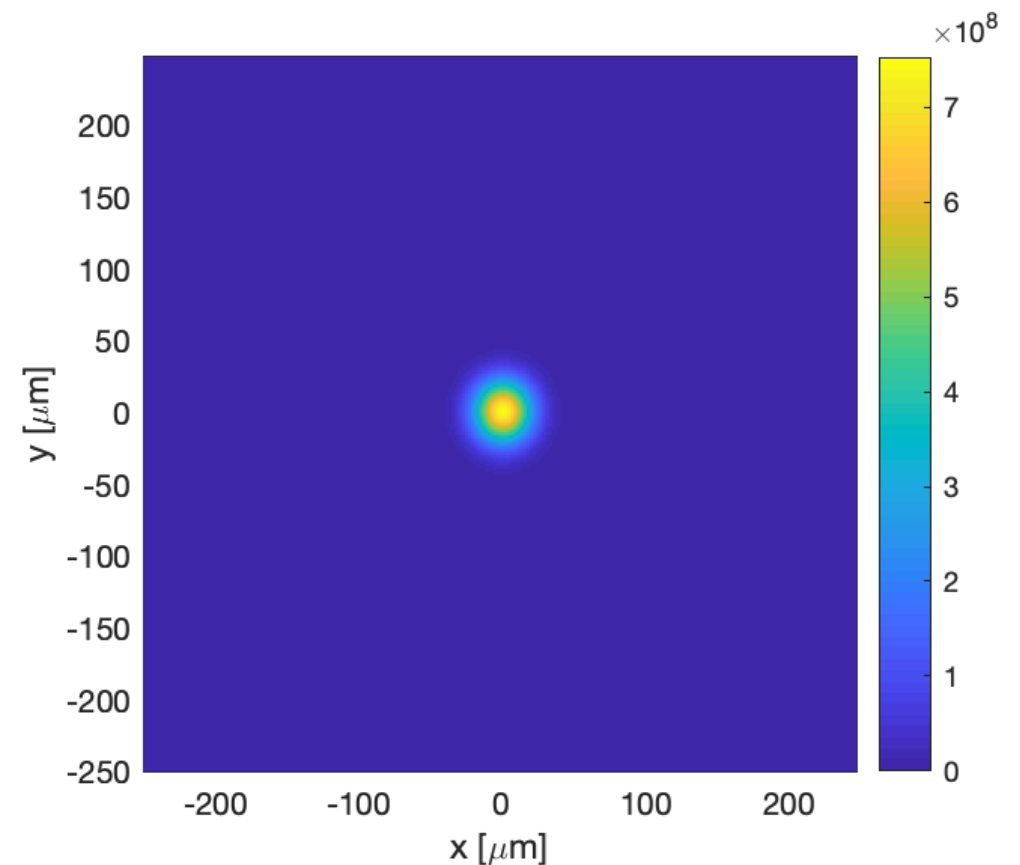


# Beamlines for a new source

The beamline program aims at translating the features of the new source into an improved tool for the scientific research in many fields relevant for society.



**ALBA**



**ALBA-2**

# Beamline upgrades

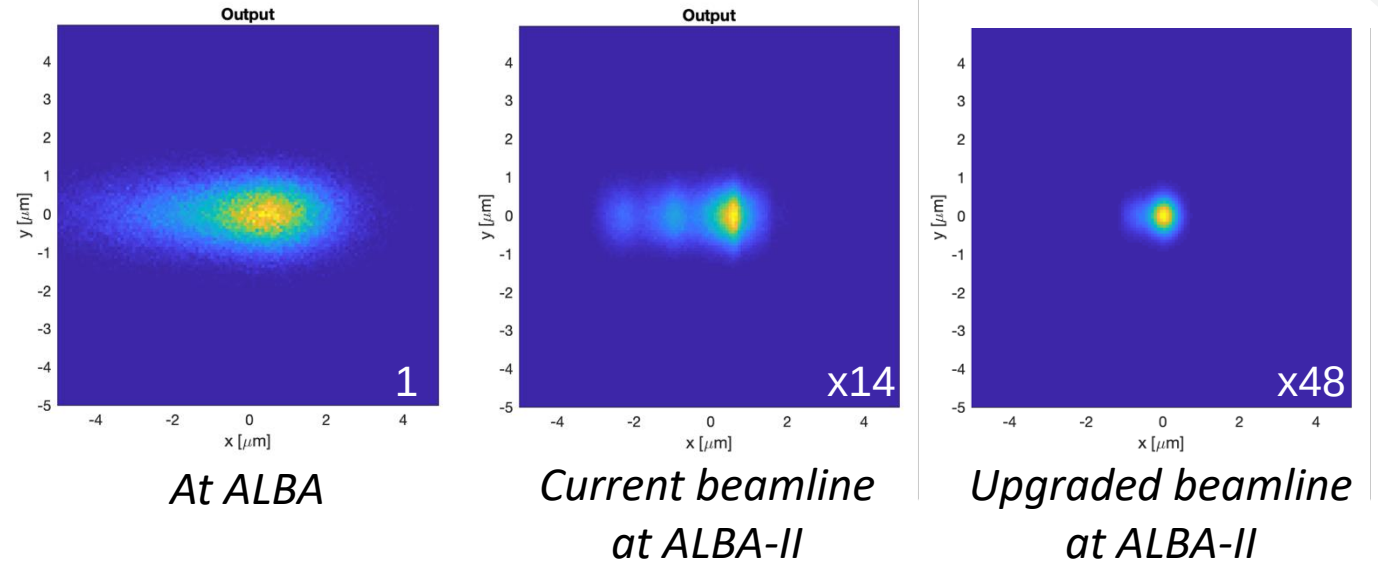
## Spot on sample at the Xaira beamline

### Reasons

- *Adapt to higher brilliance*
- *New opportunities*
- *Aging of instrumentation*
- *Compatibility with new machine*

### Scope:

- *Detectors, Optics, endstation and endstation instrumentation, infrastructure.*



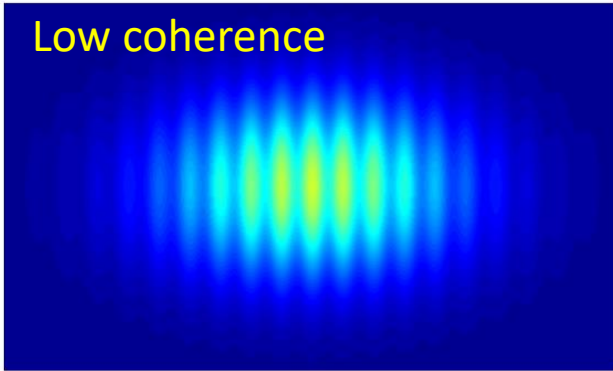
***The definition and prioritization of the upgrade of the existing beamlines will be available early in 2024***

# Beamline program for ALBA-II

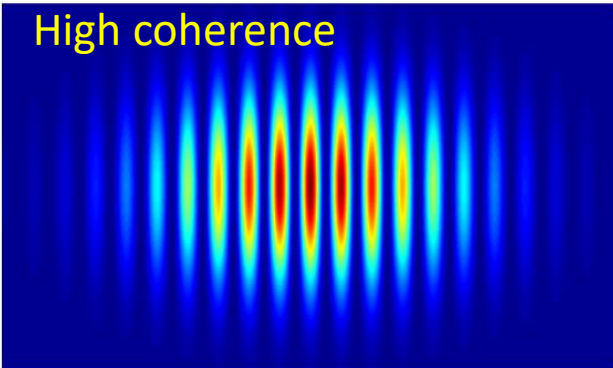
## Brightness / coherence

- More flux on diffraction beamlines.
- Wave optics for x-rays.
- Approach ultimate resolution limit.
- **Diffraction and imaging**

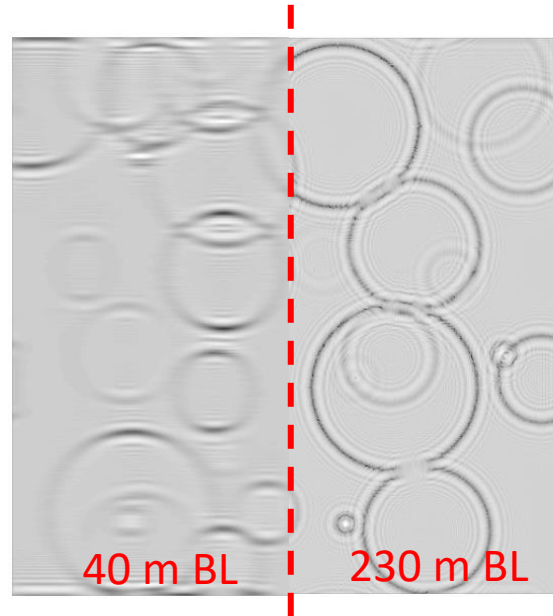
Low coherence



High coherence



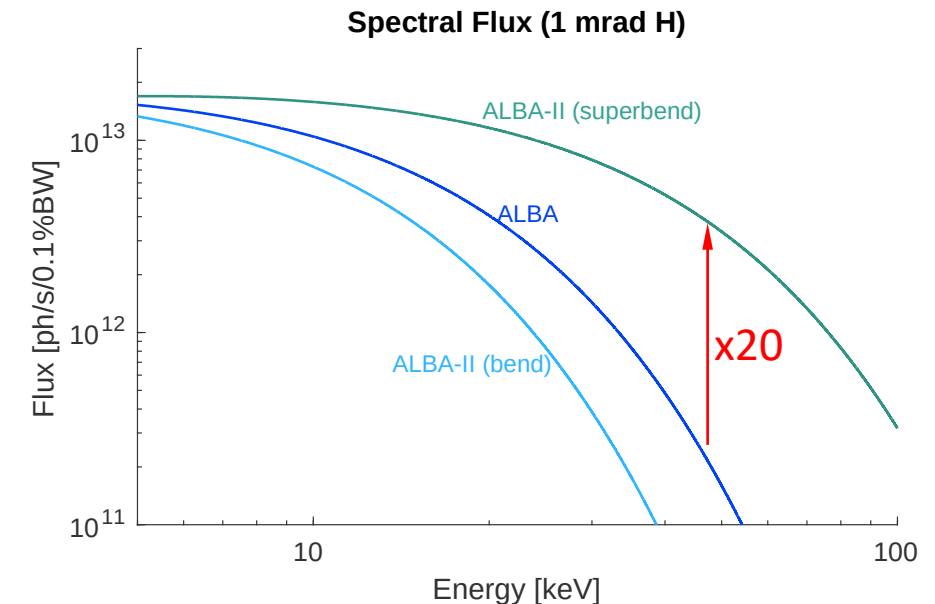
## Long beamlines



- Better spatial resolution at large working distance.
- **Coherence** at high photon energy.
- **Nanoprobes and imaging**

## Superbends

- Enable the use of BM beamlines for **higher photon energies**.
- **Spectroscopy and diffraction**





# ALBA-II upgrade

## ALBA main building

- Accelerators
- Experimental hall
- Laboratories

...

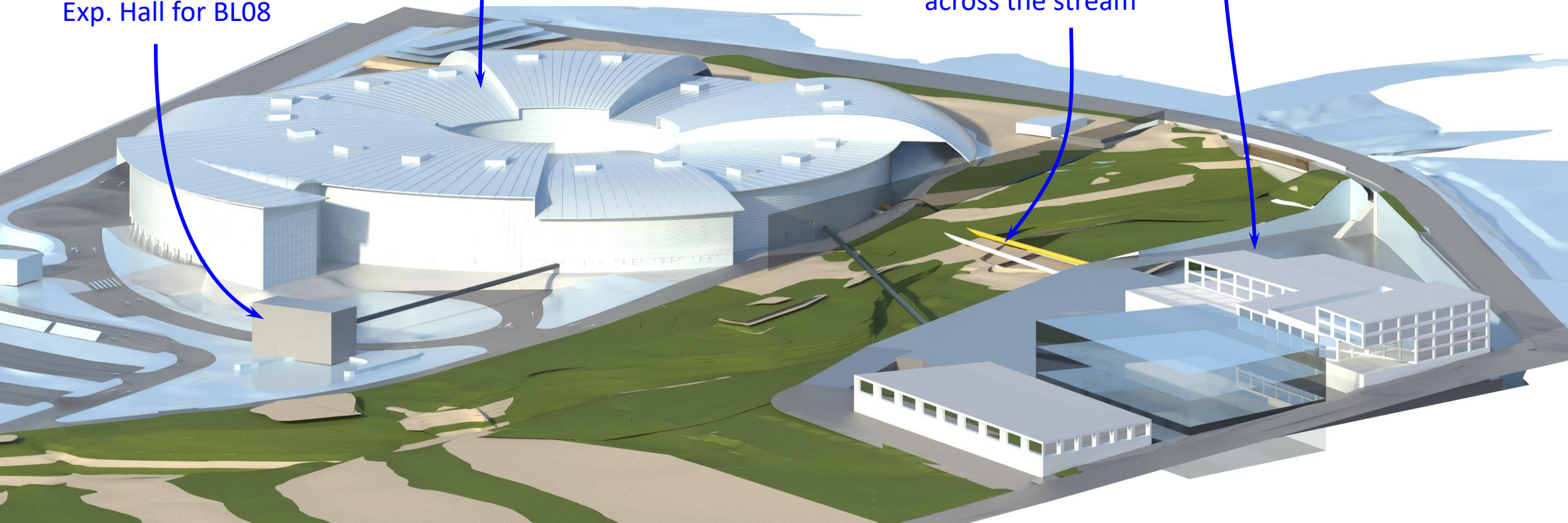
## ALBA-II extension

- Experimental halls for BLs 2,3 and 4
- Laboratories
- Collaboration institutes

...

Exp. Hall for BL08

Beam transport  
across the stream

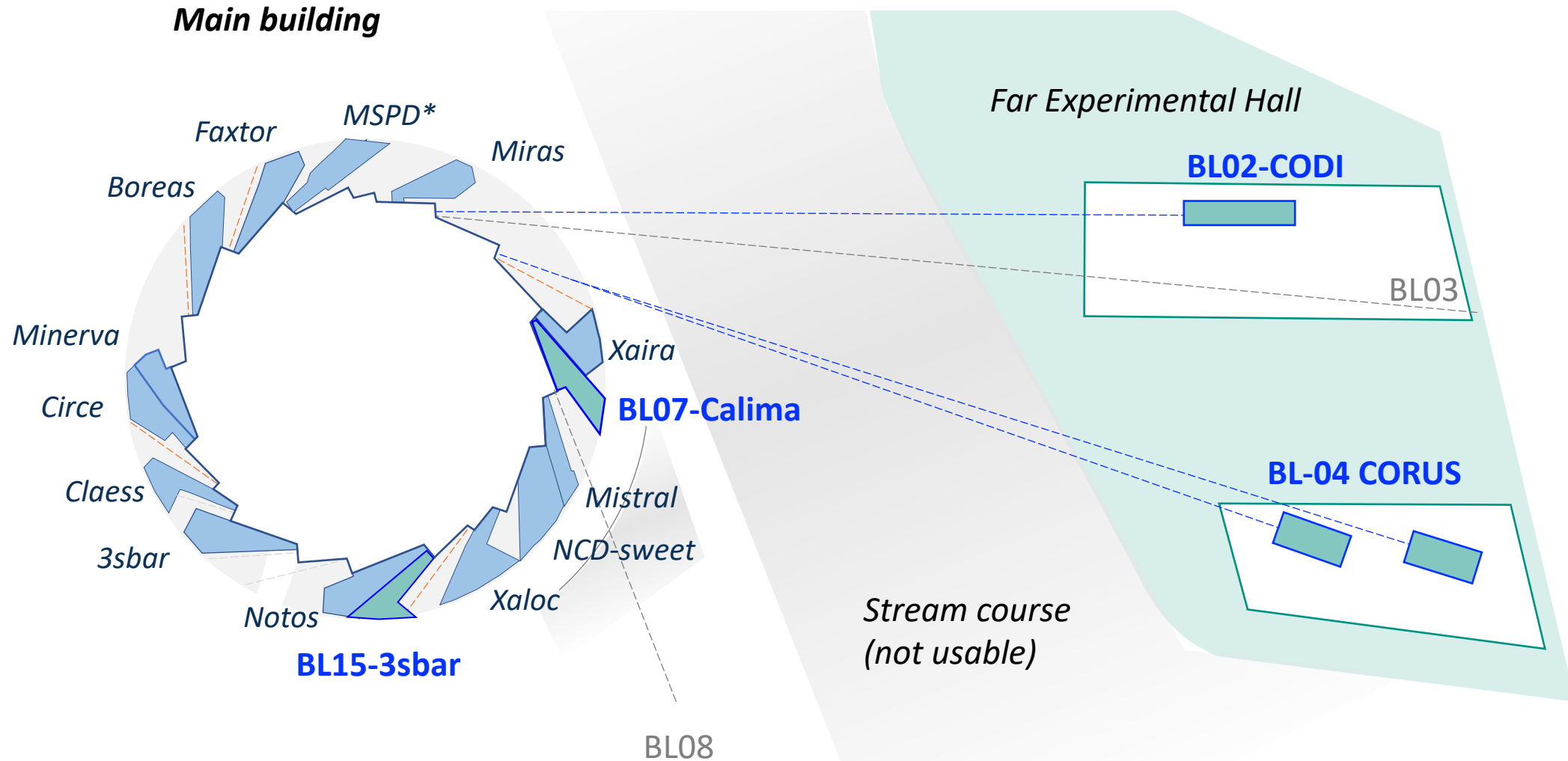






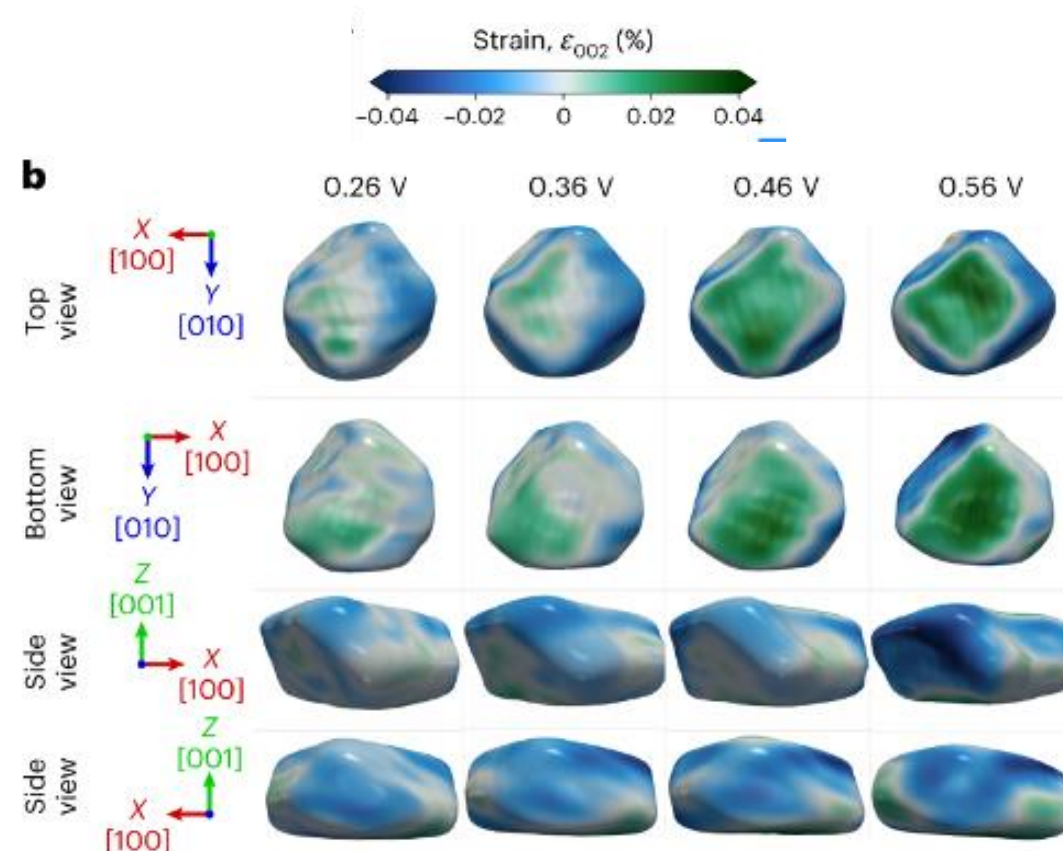
# ALBA-II Beamline program

- A) Construction of **4 new beamlines**
- B) **Upgrade** of the 13 existing beamlines of ALBA



Hard X-ray nanoprobe beamline devoted to **Coherent Diffraction** Imaging techniques, for in-operando studies in material science.

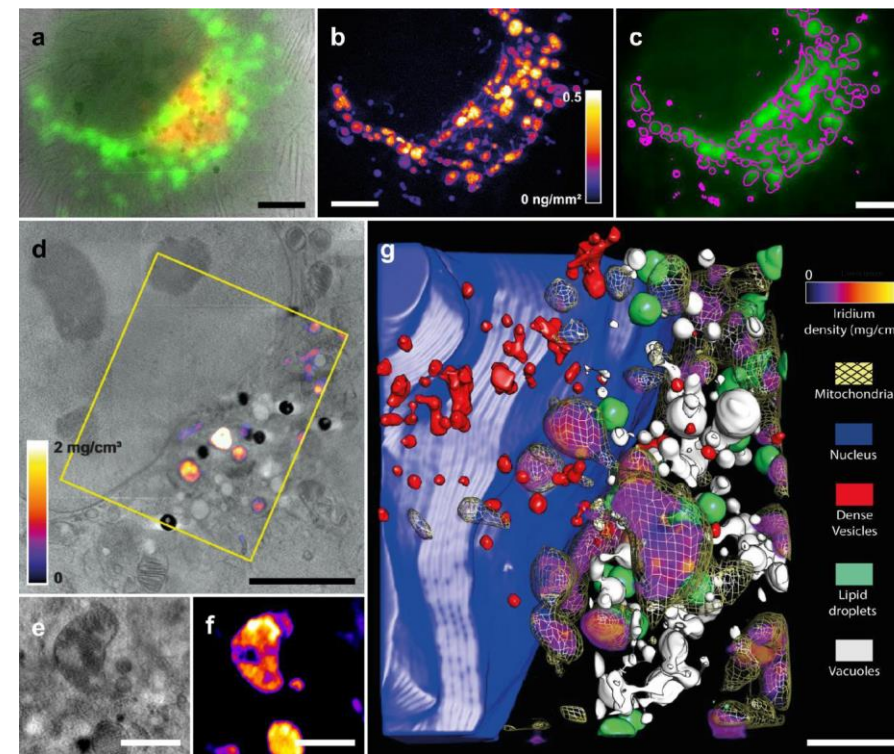
|              | CoDI                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Source       | In vacuum undulator (IVU19)                                                                                                                  |
| Energy Range | 10 - 30 keV (DCM + MLM)                                                                                                                      |
| Spot Size    | 30-50 nm                                                                                                                                     |
| Technique    | nanoDiffraction, nanoFluorescence, CDI, Ptychography, Holography, Bragg-ptychography, Tele-ptychography                                      |
| Features     | 20 m flight tube<br>Laser Heating, High Pressure, Gas dosing, Cryostream, Cryostat... (space around sample for versatile sample environment) |
| Sample       | Micro reactors / Electro chemistry cells for in-situ and operando                                                                            |
| Detector     | One large area detector (6M type)<br>One small detector mounted on robot arm<br>Multielement SDD                                             |



*3D reconstruction and Evolution of strain in a Pt nanoparticle as varying electrode potential. Useful for the design of strain-engineered nano-catalysts*

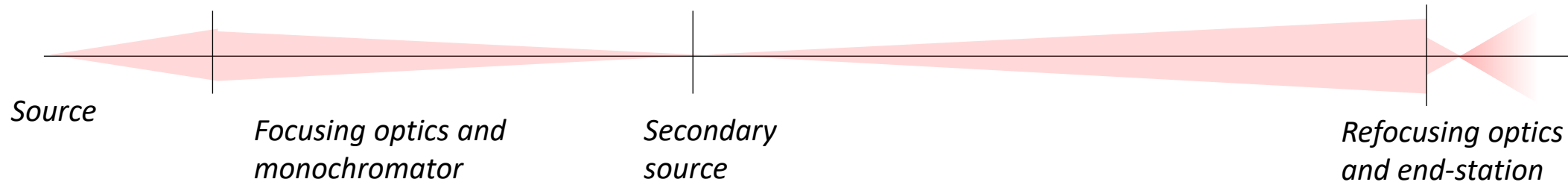
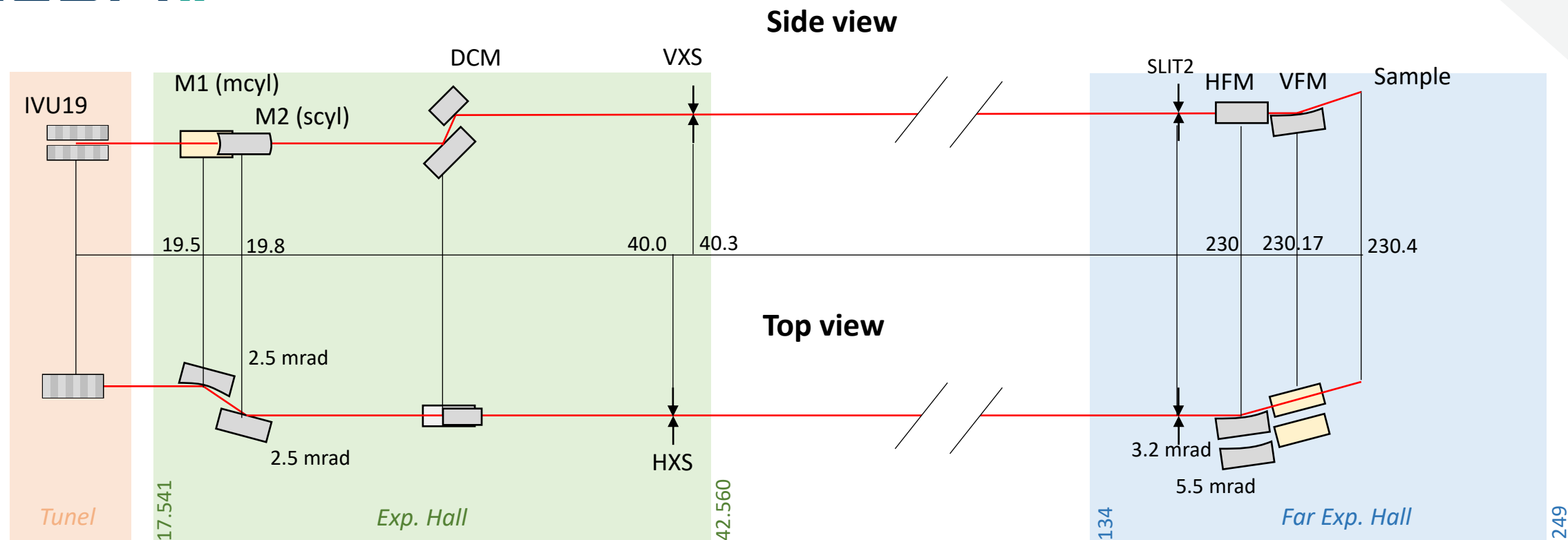
Hard X-ray nanoprobe beamline devoted to spectral Imaging and tomography for life sciences.

|                     | Corus                                                                                             |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Source</b>       | In vacuum undulator (IVU19)                                                                       |
| <b>Energy Range</b> | 10 - 27 keV (DCM + MLM)                                                                           |
| <b>Spot Size</b>    | 20-50 nm                                                                                          |
| <b>Technique</b>    | 3D-nanoXRF, XANES (STXM)<br>Holo-tomography (Full Field)                                          |
| <b>Features</b>     | LN2 cryogenics, 180° Rotation, XY mapping<br>UHV, Visible microscope                              |
| <b>Sample</b>       | Multi-sample shuttle system                                                                       |
| <b>Detector</b>     | Nanospec:: Two Multielement SDD, Diode<br>Nanolmag: Two Multielement SDD, sCMOS<br>Area detector. |



*Determination of intra-cellular location of Ir in breast cancer cells. Imaging at nm-resolution with chemical sensitivity.*

# BL02-CoDI: Optical layout

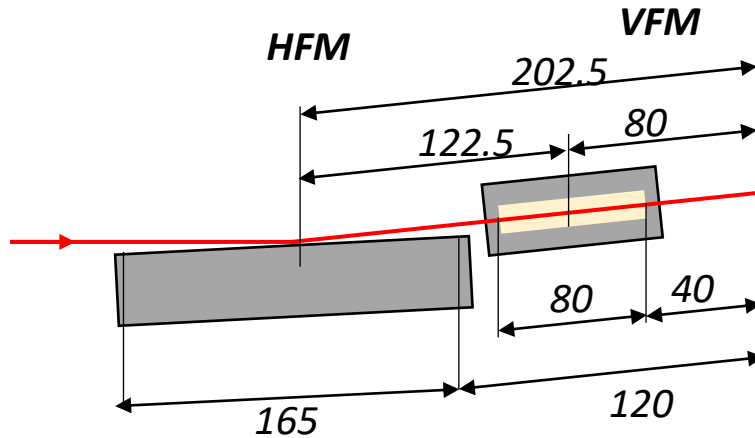






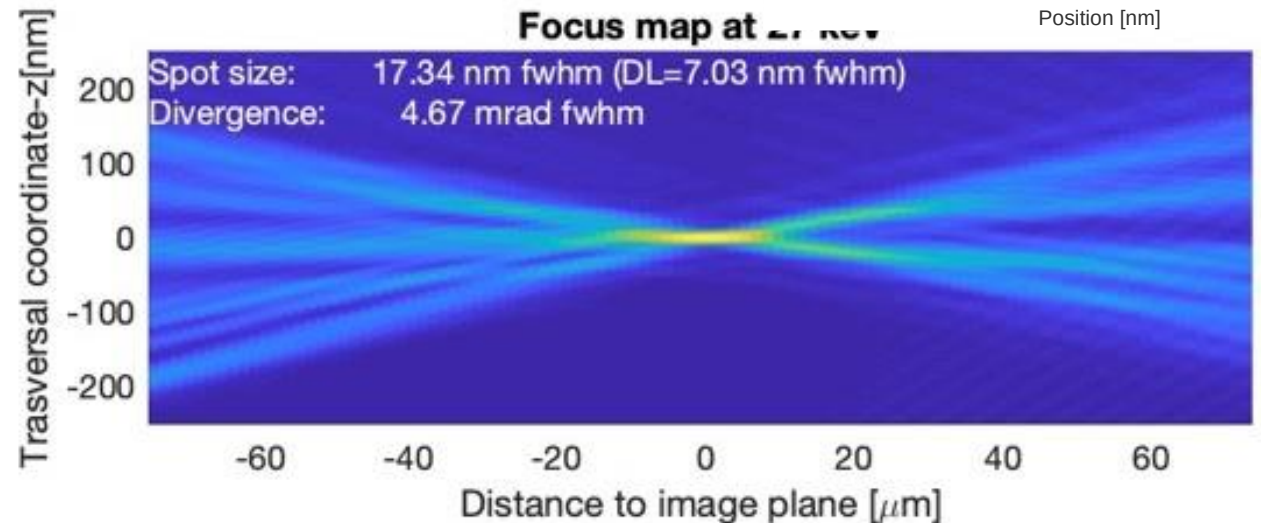
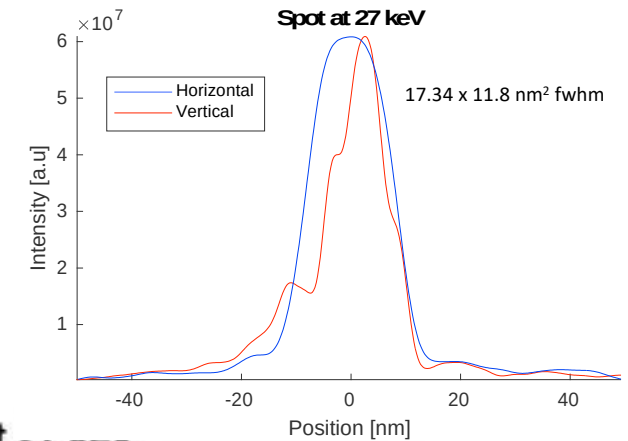
# A challenge: Nanofocusing KB optics

The intended nanoprobe represents a challenge, first in optics



- Plano-elliptic mirrors
- Graded multilayer coating
- $R_{min} \sim 10 \text{ m}$
- Length  $> 80 \text{ mm}$
- Figure Errors  $< 1 \text{ nm}, < 50 \text{ nrad}$
- Transversal acceptance  $< 1 \text{ mm}^2$

- Spot size  $< 25 \text{ nm fwhm}$
- Depth of focus  $< 10 \mu\text{m}$
- Distance to sample  $< 40 \text{ mm}$



B

Endstations for CoDI (and Corus) include

- Sample positioning (hexapods, scanners)
- Detectors (Pixel detectors, Fluorescence, Izero)
- Sample environment (gases, cryogenics...)

*Detector robot*



*KB-mirror pair*

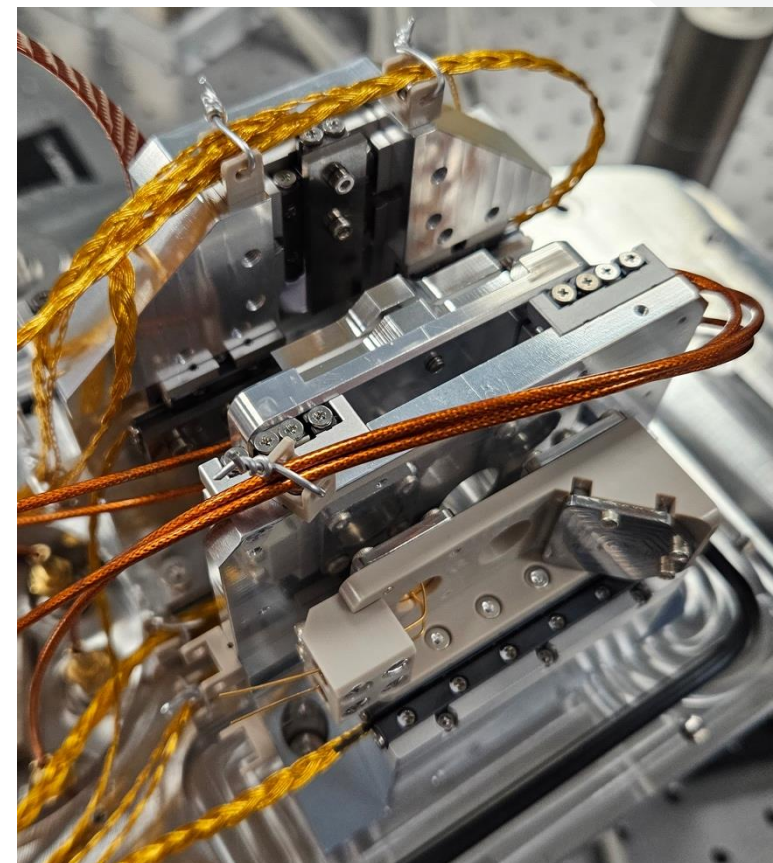
*Sample manipulator*

*Fly-tube*

*Detector*

Text

*Plinth*



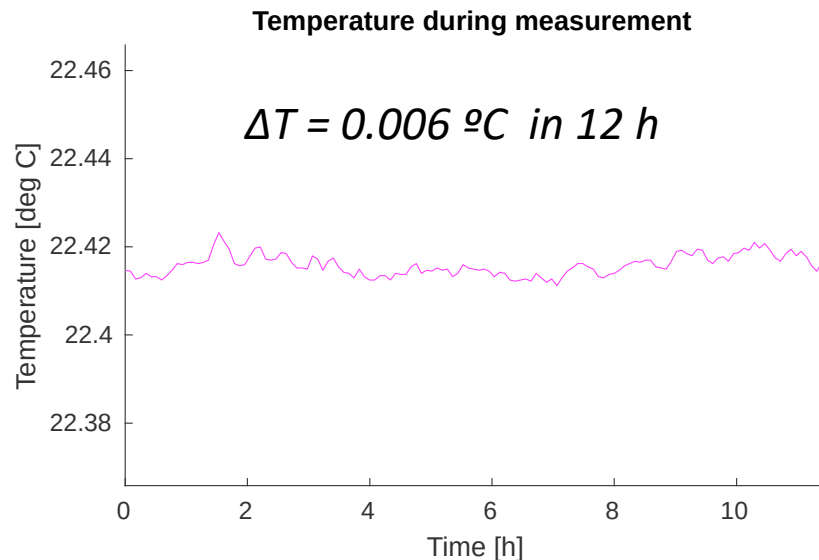
Lightweight, speed and compactness are required.

Watchmaker mechanics.



## Nanometer stability

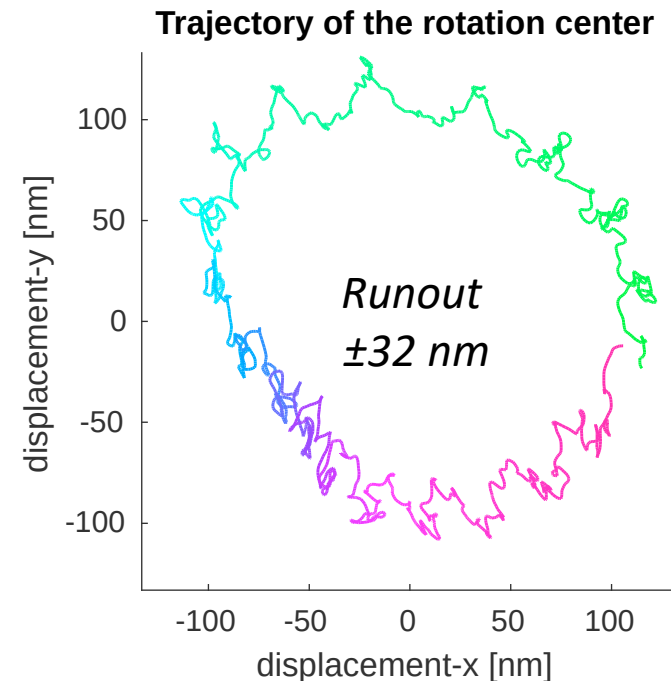
- *Vibration isolation*
- *Drift compensation*
- *Temperature, humidity stability*



# More challenges

## Nanometer positioning accuracy

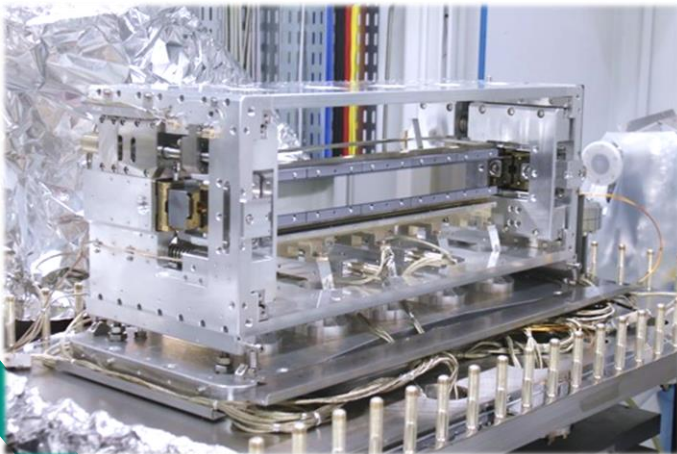
- *Feedback positioning systems*
- *Nanometer resolution*
- *Nanometer guidance errors*
- *Fast actuators*





## Optomechanics

- In vacuum undulators
- Front End
- Mirrors systems (incl. cooling, and bending)
- Double crystal monochromators
- Multilayer monochromators
- Slit systems
- Diagnostic sets
- Wavefront sensors



## Infrastructure

- Rad. Shielding hutches
- Cabling
- Media supply
- Vacuum system
- Gas handling
- **Beam transport**
- **HVAC**
- **Building isolation**
- **BioSafety BSL2**

## Data

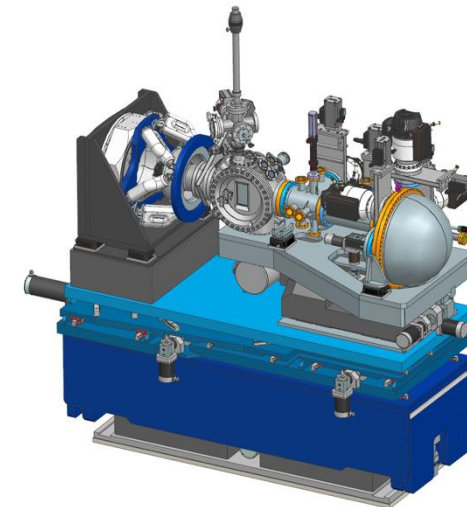
- **High data volume**
  - **Networking**
  - **Storage**
- **Complexity**
  - **Real Time processing**
  - **Data Analysis**

# Future needs



## Endstation

- **Sample manipulator**
  - Hexapodes
  - Goniometers
  - Scanning stages
- **Detectors**
  - Pixel detectors
  - Si drift detectors
  - Izero monitors
- **Sample environment**
  - Gas dosing
  - Cryogenics
  - Heating
  - Sample Exchange robots
  - ...







# Timeline (work in progress)

*Design + prototyping*

*Procurement*

*Installation*

2022

2023

2024

2025

2026

2027

2028

2029

2030

2031

3sbar

Design+Proc 3sbar

1/1/24



Buildings

4/8/28

1/1/24



BL15-3SBAR

16/1/26

1y 2.75mo

Installation 3sbar

1y

Install; Shutdown

1/1/24



BL-Technology projects

31/10/25

Stability studies and prototyping

2y

Nanoprobe station and prototyping

2y

1/1/24



BL02-CODI

25/7/31

CODI

Design

3y

Procurement

3y 6.25mo

Installation

3y 2.5mo

Install

1/1/24



BL04-CORUS

25/7/31

CORUS

Design

3y

Procurement

3y 6.25mo

Installation

3y 2.5mo

Install

6/1/25

Design+Procurement

BL33-MSPD

11/8/28

Upg-MSPD

3y

Install

1y 6mo

Install

Calima

22/12/25

Design+Procurement

BLxx-CALIMA

4/7/31

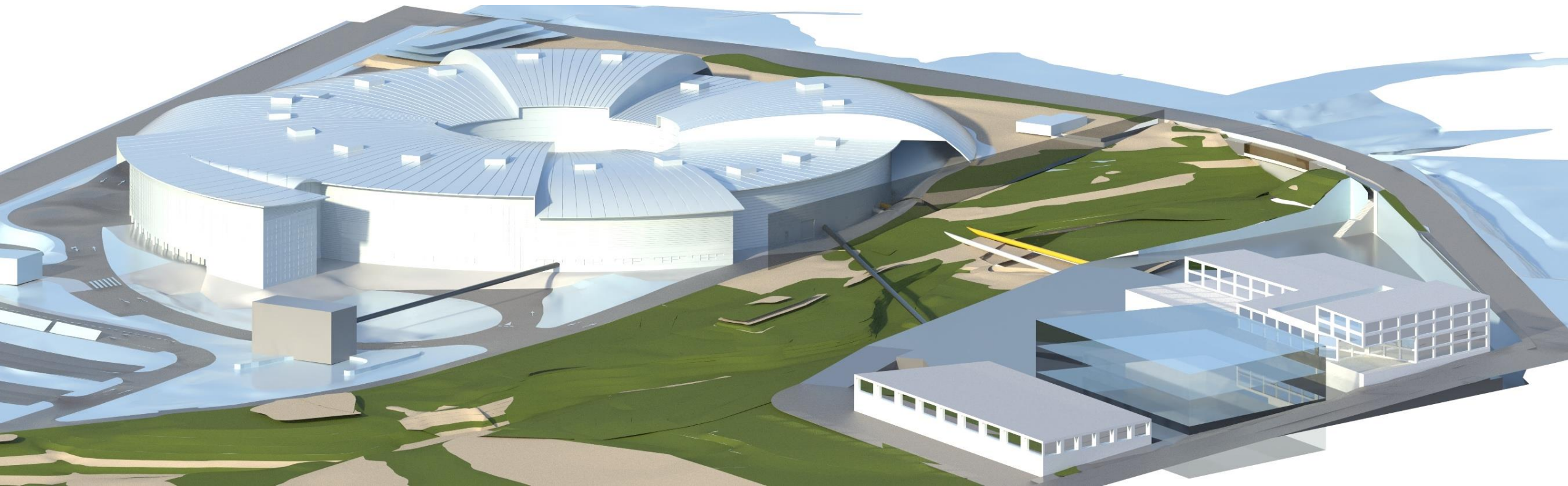
3y

Install

3y



- One brand new **4<sup>th</sup> generation storage ring**.
- Construction of **4 new beamlines**
- **Upgrade** of the 13 existing beamlines of ALBA





*Thanks!*

